





ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-S(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

best	best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to Stanford Investment Group, Inc.	to the firm of
	March 31 , 48 20.03 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified so a customer, except as follows:	the company
	Om Anithmat	
	President The	•
	Notary Public Comm. # 1295917 Notary Public California Santa Clara County Comm. Exp. March 3, 2005	· MGC14
GR GR	This report** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
20 CZ CZ CZ	(d) Statement of Cash Flows. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	•
	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to n	
	solidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the	previous audit.
44	**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).	

STANFORD INVESTMENT GROUP, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH SUPPORTING SCHEDULES AND AUDITORS' REPORT

MARCH 31, 2003

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

1232 BELMONT AVENUE • SAN CARLOS, CA 94070 TELEPHONE (650) 592-2967 FACSIMILE (650) 592-2983

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Stanford Investment Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2003, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

San Carlos, California April 25, 2003 Johnson + Kurn, CLP

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition March 31, 2003

<u>Assets</u>

Cash and cash equivalents Commissions receivable Investment Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$106,502	\$114,120 19,933 3,300 34,370 \$171,723
Liabilities And Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities:	
Wages and commissions payable Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Total Liabilities	\$ 12,101 239 6,500 18,840
Stockholders' Equity:	
Common stock, no par value: Authorized - 500,000 shares; Issued and outstanding – 5,300 shares Retained earnings	9,800 143,083
Total Stockholders' Equity	152,883
	<u>\$171,723</u>

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Statement of Operations For the Year Ended March 31, 2003

Revenues:

Commissions	\$ 731,933
Insurance, planning and investment	1 225 (72)
advisory services	1,225,679
Service fees and other income	9,600
Interest income	4,171
Total Revenues	1,971,383
Expenses:	
Commissions	103,908
Salaries and employee benefits	1,619,123
Rent	116,280
Other operating expenses	208,930
Total Expenses	2,048,241
Loss Before Income Taxes	(76,858)
Provision For Income Taxes:	
Income tax benefit	17,771
Net Loss	<u>\$ (59,087)</u>

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Statement of Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended March 31, 2003

	Common Stock	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	Total
Balances, Beginning of Year	\$ 9,800	\$202,170	\$211,970
Net Loss		_(59,087)	_(59,087)
Balances. End of Year	\$ 9.800	\$143.083	\$152.883

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended March 31, 2003

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:

Net loss	\$ (59,087)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	18,045
Decrease in commissions receivable	297,326
Decrease in wages and commissions payable	(192,565)
Decrease in income taxes payable	(818)
Decrease in deferred income taxes	_(25,000)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_ 37,901
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of office equipment	_(16,364)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	_(16,364)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,537
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	92,583
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$114,120</u>

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2003

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Nature of the Business

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. was incorporated in the state of California in 1981. It is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an introducing broker-dealer and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is also registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisory Act of 1940.

Method of Accounting

The Company uses the accrual method of accounting for financial reporting and the cash method of accounting for income tax purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Some of the Company's cash is held in deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and it believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Investment

The investment is stated at fair value and consists of common stock in a private company. Fair value and cost are approximately the same as of March 31, 2003.

Deferred Taxes on Income

Deferred taxes on income have been provided on differences between book and taxable income. These differences arise primarily from the use of the cash method of accounting for tax purposes and the excess of depreciation for tax purposes over the amount for financial reporting purposes.

Office Equipment

Office equipment is stated at cost and is depreciated using accelerated and straight-line methods over 5 to 7 years.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2003

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

2. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rules (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At March 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$105,254, which was \$100,254 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .12 to 1.

3. Related Party Transactions

One of the board members pays the Company a monthly service fee for services provided by the Company to him. For the year ended March 31, 2003, these fees amounted to \$9,600 and are included in service fees and other income in the Statement of Operations.

4. Simple Retirement Account

The Company adopted a Simple IRA Plan comprised of a salary reduction provision and an employer contribution component, which covers substantially all employees with compensation of \$5,000 in a calendar year. The employees can defer up to \$8,000 of salary per calendar year. Employer contributions to the plan are at the sole discretion of the Company. Employer contributions made to the plan totaled \$30,545 for the year.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2003

5. <u>Lease Commitments</u>

The Company leases its office facilities under an operating lease which expires in February, 2008. Included in lease expense is the Company's pro-rata share of the building's operating expenses.

At March 31, 2003, future minimum payments under the operating lease are as follows:

Years Ending March 31,

2004	109,000
2005	109,000
2006	109,000
2007	109,000
2008	_100,000
	\$536,000

6. <u>Income Taxes</u>

The provision for income taxes represents both federal income tax and California franchise tax as follows:

	Current (Expense)	Deferred <u>Benefit</u>	Income Tax Benefit
Federal California	\$ (4,437) _(2,792)	\$16,000 	\$11,563 6,208
Total	<u>\$ (7,229)</u>	<u>\$25,000</u>	<u>\$17,771</u>

7. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Cash paid during the year for income taxes was \$8,047.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

SCHEDULE I Page 1 of 2

BROKER OR DEALER

STANFORD INVESTMENT GROUP, INC.

as of March 31, 2003

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

1. Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition			152,883	3480
2. Deduct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital				3490
3. Total ownership equity qualified for Net Capital		• • • • • • •	152,883	3500
4. Add:		_		
A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in compute	ation of net canital		,	3520
B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)				3525
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- ،	152.883	3530
		••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6. Deductions and/or charges: A. Total nonallowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C	45.502	3540		
		3590		
B. Secured demand note delinquency	·	1000		
C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities— proprietary capital charges	_	3600		
D. Other deductions and/or charges		3610	45,502) 3820
7. Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)		-		3630
8. Net capital before haircuts on securities positions			107.381	3640
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
A. Contractual securities commitments	e	3660		
B. Subordinated securities borrowings		3670		
C. Trading and investment securities:	•	استنتساه		
Exempted securities	X	3735		
2. Debt securities		3733		
3. Options		3730		
4. Other securities	0.407	3734		
D. Undue Concentration	•	3650		
E. Other (List)	-	3736	(2,127	3740
10. Net Capital		لتتنتا	105.254	3750
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FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA SCHEDULE I PAG

SCHEDULE I Page 2 of 2

BROKER OR DEALER

Part A

STANFORD INVESTMENT GROUP, INC.

as of March 31, 2003

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

11.	. Minimum net capital required (62/3% of line 19)\$_	823	3756
12.	. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	5,000	3758
13.	. Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12	5,000	3760
14.	. Excess net capital (line 10 less 13)	100,254	3770
15.	. Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19)	104,020	3780
	COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
16.	. Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	12,340	3790
17.	. Add:		
	A. Drafts for immediate credit		
	B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited		
	C. Other unrecorded amounts (List)		3830
19.	. Total aggregate indebtedness	12,340	3840
20.	. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19+ line 10)	12%	3850
	. Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)		3860

COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part B

	2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers or dealers and consolidated subsidiaries' debits.	\$ N/A	3970
	Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)		3880
24.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23)		
	Excess capital (line 10 less 24)		3910
26.	Net capital in excess of the greater of:		
	A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000	\$	3920

NOTES:

- (A) The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
 - 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 - 2. 62/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- (B) Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements or secured demand note covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners' securities which were included in non-allowable assets.
- (C) For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

SCHEDULE II

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
March 31, 2003

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(K)(2)(ii) and is therefore not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

SCHEDULE III

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Information Relating to the Possession
or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3
March 31, 2003

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(K)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the possession and control provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. Reconciliations Pursuant to Rules 15c3-1 and 15c3-3 March 31, 2003

1.	Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital
	to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between the computation per Schedule I and the respondent's computation is as follows:

	Net <u>Capital</u>	<u>Indebtedness</u>
Computation per respondent	\$ 80,493	\$ 12,101
Computation per Schedule I	105,254	12,340
Differences	<u>\$ 24,761</u>	<u>\$ 239</u>

The differences were the result of various audit adjustments and income tax accruals.

2. Reconciliation of Computation of Reserve Requirements to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between the computation per Schedule II and the respondent's computations is as follows:

Calculation per respondent \$ 0

Calculation per Schedule II \$ 0

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

1232 BELMONT AVENUE • SAN CARLOS, CA 94070 TELEPHONE (650) 592-2967 FACSIMILE (650) 592-2983

Board of Directors Stanford Investment Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended March 31, 2003, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparison
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

phron + Kurn, CLP

San Carlos, California April 25, 2003